Collect blood and urine samples for each person involved in the chemical-exposure event. 

Note: For children, collect only urine samples unless otherwise directed by CDC.

**Blood-Sample Collection**
For each person, collect blood in glass or plastic tubes in the following order: 1st: collect specimens in three (3) EDTA (purple-top) 4 mL or larger plastic or glass tubes; 2nd: collect another specimen in one (1) gray- or green-top tube. Collect the specimens by following the steps below:

1. Collect a minimum of 12 mL of blood in three (3) 4 mL or larger glass or plastic tubes. If using 3 mL tubes, use four tubes.
2. Mix contents of tubes by inverting them 5 or 6 times.
3. Place bar-coded labels on each tube, so that when the tubes are upright, the barcode looks like a ladder.

**Urine-Sample Collection**
For each person, collect 40 mL-60 mL of urine in a screw-cap urine cup.

Label the urine cup with the appropriate bar-coded label as shown. Indicate on the cup how the sample was collected if the method was other than "clean catch" (i.e., catheterization).

Freeze samples (optimally at -70°C).